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10ELE15

(06 Marks)

## First Semester B.E. Degree Examination, January 2011

## **Basic Electrical Engineering**

Time: 3	hrs.	Max. Marks:100
2.	Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing Answer all objective type questions only on Answer to objective type questions on sheets	OMR sheet page 5 of the answer booklet.
	PART – A	
b. 4	Choose your answers for the following:  i) Which of the following statements is true A) resistances are additive C) voltage drops are additive ii) The resistance of a 200 W, 250 V lamp is A) 615 Ω B) 1250 Ω iii) The direction of induced emf in a conduct A) Fleming's left hand rule C) Lenz's law iv) The maximum value of co-efficient of cou A) 100% B) more than 100% A 8 ohm resistor is in series with a parallel com The current in the 6 ohm resistor is 5 A. Determ	B) currents are additive D) powers are additive  C) 31.25 Ω D) 312.5 Ω or is given by B) Fleming's right hand rule D) Cork screw rule pling is C) 90% D) none of these (04 Marks) bination of two resistors 12 ohm and 6 ohm.
d. A t	State and explain Kirchoff's laws.  A coil of resistance 150 ohm is placed in a magnurns and a galvanometer of 450 ohm is connected from the given field to another field of 0.3 magnetic the average current through the coil.	ed in series with it. The coil is moved in 0.1
i	Choose your answers for the following:  An A.C. voltage is given by 100 sin 314 t A) 50 Hz B) 75 Hz  i) The peak value of a sine wave is 400 V, its A) 254.8 V B) 282.6 V  ii) Inductive reactance of a coil of inductance A) 18.5 Ω B) 25 Ω  v) The power factor of a pure resistive circuit A) zero B) unity	C) 25 Hz D) 100 Hz average value is C) 400 V D) 565 V 0.6 H at 50 Hz is C) 50 Ω D) 188.5 Ω
	ii) Form factor is	) Frequency y) Power factor (04 Marks)
C. A	circuit consists of resistance 10 ohm an industr	once of 16 mH and a conscitance of 150 uE

connected in series. A supply of 100 V at 50 Hz is given to the circuit. Find the current,

power factor and power consumed by the circuit.

2	d.	1. A parallel circuit comprises of a resistor of 20 ohm in series with an inductive reactance of 15 ohm in one branch and a resistor of 30 ohm in series with a capacitive reactance of 20 ohm in the other branch. Determine the current and power dissipated in each branch of					
	the circuit if the total current drawn by the parallel circuit is $10 - 30^{\circ}$ Amps. (06 Marks)						•
3	a.	Cho i) ii)	In a 3-phase sys	s for the following: stem, the emfs are B) 60° apart	C) 90° apart s given by the expressi	D) 120° ap	vart
		11)	A) 3 V- L cos d	D) $\sqrt{2}$ V. I. a	os $\phi$ C) 3 $V_L I_L \sin \phi$	on	r • ,
		iii)	In a 3-phase baphase voltage V	lanced delta system <sub>ph</sub> is	, the relation between	the line voltage $V_{I}$	and the
			42		$C$ ) $V_L = V_{ph}$	D) none of	
		iv)	When the two	wattmeters used to a factor of the circuit in B) 0	measure a three-phase		
	b.		A) 0.5  in the relationsh  nced star connect	ip between the pha	C) 0.866 se and line values of	voltages and curre	Marks) ents in a 8 Marks)
**	c.	A ba	lanced three phas	e star connected systematicate $W_1 = 5 \text{ KW}$	tem draws power from and $W_2 = 1.2 \text{ KW}$ . Ca	440 V supply. The lculate power, pow	ťwo ≉ É
4	a.	Cho i)		for the following: ter type wattmeter is wer	used to measure B) only A.C. p		
		•••	C) both A.C. an			and reactive power	•
		ii) iii)		eter, constant speed of B) series magn	of rotation of the disc is net C) braking ma	provided by gnet D) none of	these
		,	A) current limit C) voltage limit	ing device	B) protective d D) none of the	se	
		iv)			resistance in earthi		•
	L	*****	A) low		-		4 Marks) 🥇 👔
	b. c.				of dynamometer type we eat diagram, explain th		8 Marks) 8 Marks)
				PART	'-B		
5	a,	Choo i)		for the following: ed by a given D.C. g	enerator depends upon B) speed only	*	
		ii)	C) flux and spee		D) terminal vol of D.C. machine, the nu	tage umber of parallel pa	aths are
			A) 2	B) 2P	C) P	D) P/2	

5	ar	iii) A commutator is made up of					
		A) iron lamination B) copper segments					
		C) both iron and copper segments D) none of these					
		iv) The function of a starter in a D.C. motor is to					
		A) control it's speed B) increase it's starting torque					
		C) limit the starting current to safe value D) none of these (04 Marks)					
	h	A 4 pole 1500 rpm d.c. generator has a lap wound armature having 24 slots with 10	)				
	v.	conductors per slot. If the flux per pole is 0.04 Wb, calculate the emf generated in the	;				
		armature. What would be the generated emf if the winding is wave connected? (06 Marks)					
	c	What is back emf in a D.C. motor? What is its significance? (05 Marks)	;				
	д. А	Derive an expression for armature torque in a D.C. motor. (05 Marks)					
	u.	Denve an expression for armature torque in a pro-					
	_	Choose your answers for the following:					
6	a.	man a company of the strategy of the management of the strategy of the strateg					
		i) The core of the transformer is laminated to reduce A) eddy current loss B) hysteresis loss C) copper loss D) friction loss					
		The course of half full land in 200 W. Then the course					
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
		loss at full load will be A) 100 W B) 200 W C) 400 W D) 800 W					
			4				
		iii) Losses which do not occur in a transformer are					
		A) copper losses B) magnetic losses C) friction losses D) none of these	έv.				
		iv) A transformer steps up the voltage by a factor of 100. The ratio of current in the	,797				
		primary to that in the secondary is					
		A) 1 B) 100 C) 0.01 D) 0.1 (04 Marks)					
	b.	What are the losses occurring in a transformer? How do they vary with load? How they can					
		be minimized? (08 Marks)					
	c.	Define the voltage regulation of a transformer. What is its importance? (04 Marks)					
	d.	A 40 KVA single phase transformer has core loss of 450 W and full load copper loss of					
		850 W. If the power factor of the load is 0.8, calculate:					
		i) Full load efficiency					
		ii) Load corresponding to maximum efficiency					
		iii) Maximum efficiency at unity power factor. (04 Marks)					
		The state of the s					
<b>3</b> 7	a.	Choose your answers for the following:					
•	u.	i) A salient pole field construction is used for alternator having					
		A) low and medium speed B) large speed					
		C) years large speed D) none of these	2				
		11) 25 112					
		iii) For full pitch coil, the pitch factor K <sub>P</sub> is					
		A) 1 B) greater then 1 C) less than 1 D) none of these					
		iv) The number of cycles generated in a 4 pole alternator in one revolution is					
		A) 2 B) 4 C) 6 D) 50 (04 Marks)					
	b.	With neat diagram, explain the constructional features of a 3-phase alternator. (08 Marks)					
	c.	A 6 pole, 3-phase star connected alternator has 90 slots and 8 conductors per slot and rotates					
		at 1000 rpm. The flux per pole is 50 milli wb. Find the induced emf across its line. Take					
		$K_{\rm s} = 0.97$ and $K_{\rm c} = 0.96$ . (08 Marks)					

5	a.	Cho	oose your answers to			`.	
		<b>i</b> )	An induction motor	or works with	•	4	
			A) D.C. only		B) A.C. only		
	C) both A.C. and D.C.		D.C.	D) none of these			
		ii)	Slip of an induction	n motor at stand still			
			A) zero	B) one	C) infinity	D) none of these	
		iii)	A 4 pole, 50 Hz i rotor induced emf	nduction motor runs is		n. The frequency of the	
			A) 3 Hz	B) 2.5 Hz	C) 2 Hz	D) 1 Hz	
iv) The frame of induction motor is usually made of .						-,	
			A) silicon steel	B) cast iron	C) aluminium	D) bronze	
	b. c. d.	Wha A 6	lain the principle of t is slip in an inducti pole induction moto Iz. Calculate: The percentage slip The speed of the m	on motor? Why slip or supplied from a 3	is never zero in an indu	(04 Marks) (05 Marks) ction motor? (05 Marks) as a rotor frequency of	
		)	special or allo in		•	(UO MIREKS)	