(06 Marks)

Eighth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec. 07 / Jan. 08 **Optical Fibre Communication**

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks:100 Note: Answer any FIVE full questions. Explain with necessary diagrams the different types of fibre structures. (08 Marks) What is numerical aperture? Derive an expression for numerical aperture and maximum acceptance angle in case of a step index optical fibre in terms of refractive index of core and cladding material. Draw a design curve of fractional refractive index $\Delta \frac{V}{S}$ the core radius a $(1 \ \mu \text{m} \le a \le 7 \ \mu \text{m})$ for a silica core ($n_i = 1.450$) single mode fibre to operate at 1300 nm (take V= 2.25). Let the optical fibre to be selected from this curve be of 5 µm core radius. Is this fibre still single mode at 820 nm? Compute the wavelength beyond which this fibre ceases to be a single mode fibre. (06 Marks) Discuss the following for optical fibres: i) Absorption. ii) Wave guide dispersion. iii) Material dispersion. iv) Bending loss. (16 Marks) With a ray theory, show that the pulse delay distortion in a step index multimode fibre is given by, $\tau = n_1 \Delta \frac{L}{C}$, where the parameters have their usual meaning. (04 Marks) 3 Explain the operation of DFB and DBR LASERS. (08 Marks) Explain the operation of an APD. (06 Marks) A p-i-n photodiode has a quantam efficiency of 65% at a wave length of 0.8 µm, determine The mean photo current when the detector is illuminated at 0.8 μm with 5 μW of optical power. ii) The rms quantam noise current in a post detection bandwidth of 20 MHz. iii) The SNR in dB. (06 Marks) Show that P_{LEP} , step = $P_{\text{s}}(NA)^2$ for $r_{\text{s}} < a$. (10 Marks) Describe the different types of mechanical misalignment between the two joined fibres. b. (06 Marks) Explain fusion splicing method with a neat sketch. (04 Marks) Derive on expression for different noise sources in an optical receiver. 5 а. (10 Marks) b. Explain the operation of high impedance pre amplifier using FET. (10 Marks) Explain the basic elements of an analog link with different noise contribution. (10 Marks) Describe a multichannel A.M. technique. (05 Marks) What is sub carrier multiplexing? Explain. (05 Marks) 7 Explain link power budget and system rise time budget analysis. (10 Marks) A fibre path 50 km long consists of section of fibre, each having a maximum length of 3 km, spliced together to form one continuous fibre. The attenuation of the fibre is 0.5 dB/km. The splices have added losses of 0.3 dB per splice. Connectors at each end, to connect to the transmitter and receiver, have added loss of 1 dB per connector. What is the total loss in dB between the transmitter and receiver? ii) What is the power output to the receiver when the power input at the transmitter is 1 mW. (06 Marks) Discuss different types of line codes in OFC system. (04 Marks) What is WDM? How it is accomplished? a. (06 Marks) Describe 8×8 star coupler formed by inter connecting twelve 2×2 couplers. b. (08 Marks)

Describe the working of an Erbiom doped fibre amplifier.

and the control of t The control of the control of