

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, December 2012

Information Theory and Coding

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. Define the following with respect to information theory: i) Self information ii) Entropy
 iii) Rate of information iv) Mutual information. (04 Marks)

- b. Prove that the entropy of the following probability distribution function is $2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-2}$.

(08 Marks)

Symbols:	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_{n-1}	x_n
Probability of ($x = x_i$):	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2^{n-1}}$	$\frac{1}{2^{n-1}}$

- c. A sample space of events is shown in the diagram below with probability $P = \left\{ \frac{1}{5}, \frac{4}{15}, \frac{8}{15} \right\}$,

- i) Evaluate average uncertainty associated with the scheme.
 ii) Average uncertainty pertaining to the following probability scheme:

$$P[A/M = B \cup C], P\left[\frac{B}{M}, \frac{C}{M}\right]$$

- iii) Verify additive rule.

(08 Marks)

- 2 a. Given the model of a Markoff source in Fig. Q2 (a)

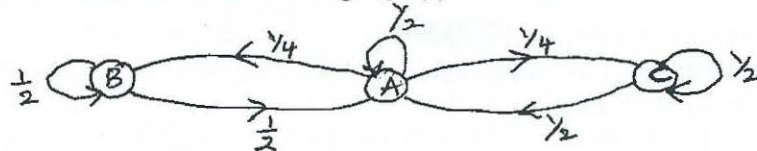


Fig. Q2 (a)

- Find i) State probability ii) Entropy of first order and second order source
 iii) Efficiency and redundancy of first order source
 iv) Find rate of information if $r_s = 1$ sym/sec. (10 Marks)

- b. Design an encoder using Shannons encoding algorithm for a source having six symbols and probability statistics $P = \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{16}, \frac{1}{32}, \frac{1}{32} \right\}$. (10 Marks)

- 3 a. Consider a source with 8 alphabets A to H with respective probabilities of 0.22, 0.20, 0.18, 0.15, 0.10, 0.08, 0.05, 0.02

- i) Construct a binary compact code and determine coding efficiency using Huffman coding algorithm.
 ii) Construct ternary Huffman code and determine efficiency of the code. (10 Marks)

- b. Prove that $H(X/Y) = p.H(X)$ for a binary erasure channel. (05 Marks)

- c. Given the following channel matrix find the channel capacity:

$$P\left(\frac{Y}{X}\right) = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} y_1 & y_2 & y_3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0.8 & 0.2 & 0 \\ 0.1 & 0.8 & 0.1 \\ 0 & 0.2 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

(05 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 4 a. Define i) Differential entropy ii) Shannon's limit (02 Marks)
- b. Prove that for an infinite bandwidth signal energy to noise ratio $\frac{E}{\eta}$ approaches a limiting value. (06 Marks)
- c. A black and white TV picture may be viewed as consisting of 3×10^5 elements, each of which occupies 10 distinct brightness levels with equal probability. Assume rate of transmission as 30 picture frames per sec and SNR = 30 dB. Using channel capacity theorem compute minimum bandwidth to error free transmission of video signal. (06 Marks)
- d. Prove that $\lim_{B \rightarrow \infty} C = 1.44 \frac{S}{\eta}$. (06 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Consider a systematic (7, 4) linear block code, the parity check matrix,
- $$P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
- i) Find all possible code words.
 ii) Draw encoding circuit.
 iii) A single bit error has occurred in each of the following code words given:
 $R_A = [0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0]$, $R_B = [1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0]$
 Detect and correct these errors
 iv) Draw syndrome computation circuit. (12 Marks)
- b. Find generator matrix G and H-matrix for a linear block code with $d_{min} = 3$ and message block size of 8 bits. (04 Marks)
- c. Test hamming bound of (7, 4) hamming code and show that it is a perfect code. (04 Marks)
- 6 a. Design an encoder for (7, 4) binary cyclic code generated by $G(x) = 1 + x + x^3$ and verify its operation using message vectors (1 0 0 1) and (1 0 1 1). Also verify the code obtained using polynomial arithmetic. (10 Marks)
- b. For a (7, 4) cyclic code with received vector Z is 1 1 1 0 1 0 1, with the generator polynomial $G(x) = 1 + x + x^3$. Draw the syndrome computation circuit and correct, the error in the received vector. (10 Marks)
- 7 Write short notes on: a. Shortened cyclic codes b. Golay codes.
 c. BCH codes. d. RS codes. (20 Marks)
- 8 a. For the convolution encoder shown in Fig. Q8 (a).
 i) Find impulse response and hence calculate the output produced by the information sequence (1 0 1 1 1).
 ii) Write the generator polynomials of the encoder and recompute the output of the input of (i) and compare with that of (ii). (08 Marks)

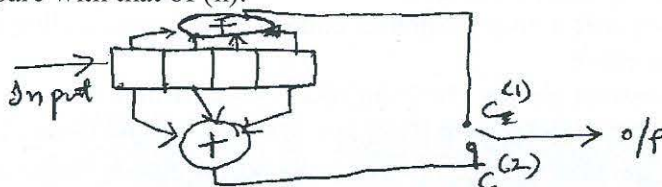


Fig. Q8 (a)

- b. Consider a (3, 1, 2) convolution encoder with $g^{(1)} = 1 \ 1 \ 0$ and $g^{(2)} = 1 \ 0 \ 1$, $g^{(3)} = 1 \ 1 \ 1$. Draw encoder block diagram, find generator matrix. Find code vector corresponding to information sequence D = 1 1 1 0 0 0 using time and frequency domain approach. Draw state diagram and code tree. (12 Marks)