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Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June-July 2009
Microprocessor

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

- Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.**
2. Standard notations are used.
3. Missing data be suitably assumed.

PART – A

- 1 a. Draw the internal architecture of the 8086 and explain. Briefly explain the flag register. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain the transient program area (TPA) and system area of a personal computer. (10 Marks)
- 2 a. Write an ALP to multiply two 32 bit numbers stored in consecutive memory locations and store the result in the memory. (10 Marks)
- b. Differentiate between Direct program memory addressing, Relative program memory addressing and Indirect program memory addressing with one or two examples. (06 Marks)
- c. If DS = AB30H, CS = 8920H, SS = 2B01H, BP = 2D45H, SP = 0130H, SI = 1234H DI = 4356H then determine the physical address of the following instructions. (04 Marks)
 - i) MOV [BP + DI + 5], AH
 - ii) MOV AL, [5036H]
- 3 a. Explain the following string instructions: (10 Marks)
 - i) MOVSB
 - ii) Repeat Prefix (REP)
 - iii) STOSW
 - iv) SCASB
 - v) CMPS.
- b. Write an ALP to convert lowercase to uppercase using modular programming approach. Use two far procedures one for reading from keyboard and one for displaying. (10 Marks)
- 4 a. Explain the following DOS system call : int 21H functions: (10 Marks)
 - i) INT 21H, Function 001H
 - ii) INT 21H, Function 08H
 - iii) INT 21H, Function 0AH
 - iv) INT 21H, Function 2BH
 - v) INT 21H, Function 2DH
- b. Draw the pin-out of the 8259 A programmable interrupt controller (PIC) and describe each pin. (10 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Explain Isolated and Memory – Mapped I/O. (05 Marks)
- b. Explain about the following I/O instructions (05 Marks)
 - i) IN with fixed address
 - ii) IN with variable address
 - iii) INSB
 - iv) OUT with fixed address
 - v) OUTSW
- c. Explain the programmable peripheral interface (PPI) with command bytes of the command register in the 82C55. (10 Marks)
- 6 a. Draw the internal structure of 80 x 87 arithmetic coprocessor and explain. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain the following 8087 coprocessor instructions: (10 Marks)
 - i) FSQRT;
 - ii) FSTP;
 - iii) FSCALE;
 - iv) FRNDINT;
 - v) FCOM
- a. Write short notes on the following: (10 Marks)
 - i) Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI);
 - ii) Parallel printer interface (LPT).
- b. Explain the Universal Serial Bus (USB) with PIN configuration, USB Data, USB commands. (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Write a note on Pentium microprocessor. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain about special 80386 registers. (10 Marks)

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Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.09/Jan.10
Microprocessors

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

**Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting
at least TWO questions from each part.**

PART - A

1.
 - a. Discuss briefly, how microprocessor has evolved with relevance to its capability, bit size and applications. (06 Marks)
 - b. With reference to 8086 CPU, explain the role of the following:
 - i) Instruction queue
 - ii) Segment registers
 - iii) General purpose registers. (08 Marks)
 - c. Write and explain with relevant timing diagram a memory read operation in 8086 under min mode. (06 Marks)

2.
 - a. Explain the significance of the following pins of 8086 processor:
 - i) ALE
 - ii) $\overline{MN}/\overline{MX}$
 - iii) \overline{LOCK}
 - iv) \overline{TEST} (06 Marks)
 - b. Differentiate between the following instructions and explain them with suitable examples:
 - i) Shift and rotate
 - ii) HLT and INT-n
 - iii) Jmp and call (08 Marks)
 - c. What are the assembler directives? Explain the action performed by the following directives:
 - i) Price db (?)
 - ii) PAI Equ 40h
 - iii) ASSUME
 - iv) EXTRN (06 Marks)

3.
 - a. Write an assembly language program to arrange 'N' bytes of data in ascending order. Write relevant comments for each of the instruction used. (10 Marks)
 - b. Use string instructions to perform the following:
 - i) Block move of 'N' bytes from 'SOURCE' to 'DESTN'
 - ii) Concatenate two strings.
 Write the complete program with comments. (10 Marks)

4.
 - a. Explain the software and hardware interrupt structure in 8086. (08 Marks)
 - b. Give the significance of BIOS & DOS interrupts. (06 Marks)
 - c. Differentiate between macros and procedures. (06 Marks)

PART - B

5.
 - a. Show an interface of a matrix keyboard to a 8086 and explain its basic principle of operation. (10 Marks)
 - b. With necessary hardware and software, show an interface of 7 segment LED display to a 8086 processor. (10 Marks)

- 6 a. What is a co-processor? Why it is called so? Give the significance of 8087 NDP. (Numerical data processor). (06 Marks)
- b. Explain the various data types that 8087 can handle. Give examples. (06 Marks)
- c. Write a program to obtain the hypotenuse of a right angles triangle given its sides A & B using 8087 interfaced to 8086. (08 Marks)
- 7 a. Explain with relevant block diagram the maximum mode operation of 8086. (06 Marks)
- b. What are the characteristics of the following?
- i) Peripheral component interconnect (PCI)
- ii) Universal serial bus (USB). (06 Marks)
- c. Show an interface of a printer to a 8086 processor. Explain the signals of importance. (08 Marks)
- 8 a. Write a note on the various special registers in 80386 CPU. (06 Marks)
- b. Discuss briefly the two modes of operation in 80386. (08 Marks)
- c. Describe the basic features of a Pentium processor. (06 Marks)

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