

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, May/June 2010
Field Theory

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART – A

- 1 a. Explain the term 'Electric field intensity' and derive the expression for field due to an infinite line of charge. (12 Marks)
- b. Given $\vec{D} = 5r\hat{a}_r$, c/m², prove divergence theorem for a shell region enclosed by spherical surfaces at $r = a$ and $r = b$ ($b > a$) and centered at the origin. (08 Marks)
- 2 a. Prove that the energy density in an electrostatic field is given by $\frac{1}{2} \epsilon \vec{E}^2$ J/m³. (08 Marks)
- b. Given $V = 2x^2y - 5z$ at point P(-4, 3, 6). Find the potential, electric field intensity and volume charge density. (08 Marks)
- c. Derive the boundary conditions for \vec{E} and \vec{D} between two dielectrics. (04 Marks)
- 3 a. State and prove uniqueness theorem. (10 Marks)
- b. Derive the expression for capacitance of a coaxial cable using Laplace's equation. (10 Marks)
- 4 a. State and explain Biot-Savart law for a small differential current element. (04 Marks)
- b. Derive the expression for magnetic flux density on the axis of a circular loop of radius 'a' carrying current I using Biot Savart law. (07 Marks)
- c. Vector magnetic potential in free space is given by $\vec{A} = 100e^{-1.5}\hat{a}_z$ Wb/m. Find the magnetic field intensity and current density and hence prove Ampere's circuital law for $\rho = 1$. (09 Marks)

PART – B

- 5 a. Deduce the expression for inductance of a toroidal coil having N turns and carrying a current of I amps. (06 Marks)
- b. A point charge $Q = 18$ nC has a velocity of 5×10^6 m/s in the direction $\hat{a} = 0.6\hat{a}_x + 0.75\hat{a}_y + 0.3\hat{a}_z$. Calculate the magnitude of the force exerted on the charge by the field $\vec{B} = -3\hat{a}_x + 4\hat{a}_y + 6\hat{a}_z$ mT. (06 Marks)
- c. A sq. loop carrying 2 mA current is placed in the field of an infinite filament carrying current of 15 Amp as shown, fig. Q5 (c). Find the force exerted on the sq. loop. (08 Marks)

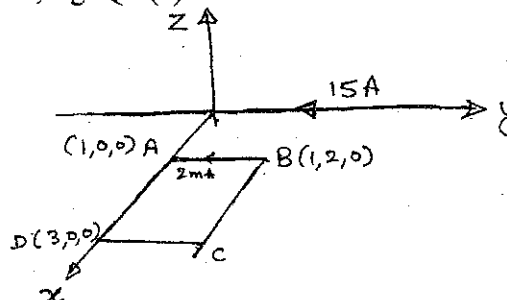


Fig. Q5 (c)

- 6 a. What do you mean by displacement current and equation of continuity? Derive Maxwell's I equation from Ampere's circuital law. (08 Marks)
- b. Write Maxwell's equations in point form and integral form. (06 Marks)
- c. A 9.375 GHz uniform plane wave is propagating in polyethylene ($\epsilon_r = 2.26$). If the amplitude of the \vec{E} is 500 V/m and the material is assumed to be lossless, find
- i) Phase constant ii) Wavelength iii) Velocity of propagation
- iv) Intrinsic impedance v) Magnetic field intensity (06 Marks)
- 7 a. What is meant by 'uniform plane wave'? Derive the expression for UPW in free space. (07 Marks)
- b. Deduce the expressions for α and β for a wave traveling in lossy medium. (07 Marks)
- c. A 100 V/m wave of frequency 300 MHz is traveling through a lossy medium having $\epsilon_r = 9$, $\mu_r = 1$ and $\sigma = 10$ S/m. Find the power dissipated over a distance of 1 μm with surface area of 2 m^2 . (06 Marks)
- 8 Write short notes on:
- a. Poynting's theorem.
- b. Reflection of plane waves at normal incidence. (20 Marks)
